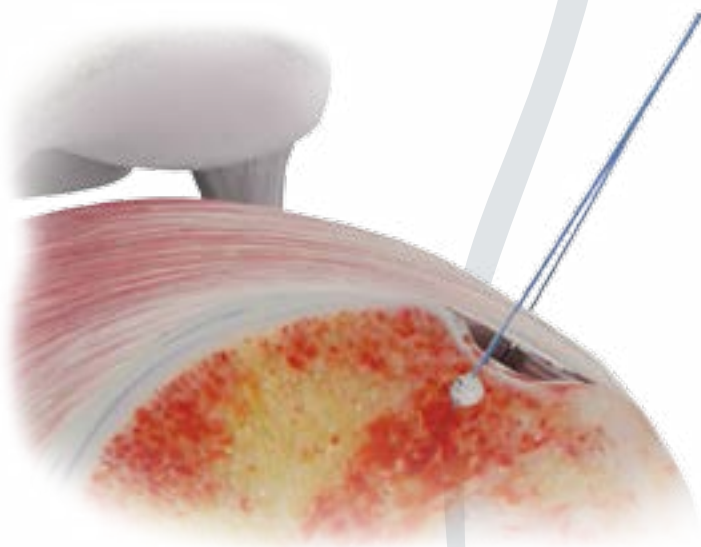




Successfully Treating Partial Articular - sided Supraspinatus Tendon Lesions

From a more anatomic footprint¹ and less gapping⁵ to preserving native tissue^{2,3} and higher ultimate failure strength,⁵ see why leading surgeons are maintaining the lateral footprint and treating PASTA lesions with transtendinous techniques.

Shoulder Restoration System™



To learn more about these and other innovative products, call **800-237-0169** or visit **ConMed.com**.

*Advancing the Future of Minimally
Invasive and Orthopaedic Surgery.*

Together.

Problem: Complete the Tear or Transtendinous Repair?

When faced with a repairable PASTA lesion, typically small tendon retraction and 40-50% footprint exposure, surgeons have two options: either complete the tear followed by a standard rotator cuff repair or maintain the remaining bursal fibers and perform a transtendinous repair. Studies have shown drawbacks to completing the tear including creating a length tension mismatch,¹ changing the normal biomechanics of the cuff and creating a greater potential for nonanatomic recreation.⁵ Conversely, research has shown that a transtendinous technique that preserves native tissue provides distinct advantages.



Studies have shown drawbacks to completing the tear including changing the normal biomechanics of the cuff and creating a greater potential for nonanatomic recreation.⁵

Less Gapping, Higher Strength and Better Biomechanics

Research comparing these two approaches has shown that a transtendinous approach provides statistically significant less gapping, higher mean ultimate failure strength and biomechanic superiority.⁵

Excellent Clinical Outcomes

A study by Alessandro Castagna, M.D. found that a transtendon approach is a reliable procedure that can be expected to produce a good outcome with significant pain relief and **improved shoulder scores in 98% of patients.**³ Similarly, a study by Stephen Snyder, M.D. found that these repairs provide reliable and sustained pain relief and improvements in shoulder function.²

Native, Anatomic Footprint

Literature by Ian K.Y. Lo, M.D. and Stephen S. Burkhart, M.D. has shown that an arthroscopic transtendon technique can re-establish the normal footprint of the rotator cuff and potentially minimize and length-tension mismatch of the repaired rotator cuff muscles.¹ This could result in a more natural, anatomic repair for your patient.

¹Lo and Burkhart, Transtendon arthroscopic repair of partial-thickness, articular surface tears of the rotator cuff, Arthroscopy, 2004 ²Snyder et al., Long-term outcome for arthroscopic repair of partial articular-sided supraspinatus tendon avulsion, Arthroscopy, 2013 ³Castagna et al., Predictive factors of subtle residual shoulder symptoms after transtendinous arthroscopic cuff repair, American Journal of Sports Medicine, 2009 ⁵Gonzalez-Lomas et al., J Shoulder Elbow Surg 2008; 17:722-728

“ To better preserve the native footprint, performing transtendonous repairs is a tried-and-true method of repairing a partial-articular sided tear. ”

Alessandro Castagna, M.D.
Humanitas Research Hospital

ConMed Solution: Transtendinous PASTA Repair with Y-Knot® Flex All-Suture Anchors

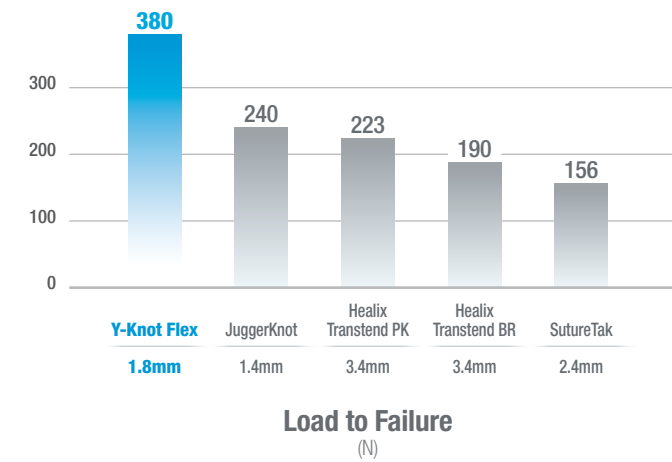
While surgeons have many anchor choices, with their small size and strong fixation, our Y-Knot® Flex All-Suture Anchors provide distinct advantages for transtendinous PASTA repairs:

Less Invasive Entry

Studies have shown that smaller anchors cause less damage to tendon tissue and suggest smaller anchors should be considered for transtendon procedures.⁶ At 1.8mm, our Y-Knot Flex anchors are the smallest double-loaded all-suture anchors available, helping provide a less invasive percutaneous delivery.

Strong Fixation with Less Bone Removal

Double-loaded with two strands of #2 Hi-Fi® suture, Y-Knot Flex 1.8mm anchors provide 380N fixation strength while removing up to 80% less bone.⁴



3 Technique Options

Y-Knot Flex Anchors enable multiple technique options including:

Single-Row: One or two anchors placed medially, horizontal mattress stitch configuration.

Double-Row: Two anchors placed medially, mattress stitches medially, suture passed to PopLok® 3.5mm or 4.5mm knotless anchors.

Double-Pulley: Two anchors placed medially, the sutures are tied together to compress the supraspinatus to the medial footprint without any additional suture passing steps.

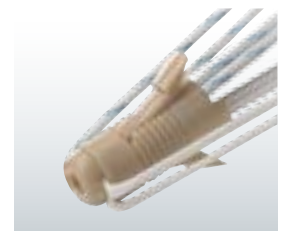
⁴Data on File ⁶Qing-Song Zhang et al., Comparison of the tendon damage caused by four different anchor systems used in transtendon rotator cuff repair, Advances in Orthopaedics, 2012

“ Because anchors are placed at the articular margin when performing a PASTA repair, where bone density tends to be higher, a smaller anchor such as the 1.8mm Y-Knot Flex that deploys to about 3.0mm has sufficient pullout strength to maintain compression within a transosseous equivalent construct during the healing period. ”

L. Pearce McCarty III, M.D.
Sports and Orthopaedic
Specialists



Y-KNOT® FLEX ANCHOR



POPLOK® ANCHOR



525 French Road, Utica, NY 13502

PASTA
PROCEDURE

Ordering Information

Description	Catalog Number
Anchors	
1.8mm Y-Knot® Flex all-suture anchor, two #2 Hi-Fi® sutures	Y1802A
5.0mm Super Revo®, two #2 Hi-Fi sutures	C6140HB
5.0mm ThRevo®, three #2 Hi-Fi® sutures	C6160HB
5.0mm Super Revo®, fully threaded, two #2 Hi-Fi® sutures	CF6140HB
5.0mm ThRevo®, fully threaded, three #2 Hi-Fi® sutures	CF6160HB
4.5mm PopLok® knotless suture anchor	CKP-4500
3.5mm PopLok® knotless suture anchor	CKP-3500
Instrumentation Accessories	
1.8mm Y-Knot Flex drill bit	Y18D
1.8mm Y-Knot Flex percutaneous pack with T-Guide	Y-PERC18
1.8mm Y-Knot Flex fishmouth drill guide	Y-G005
Sharp trocar for fishmouth drill guide (metal, reusable)	Y-G004
Sharp trocar for fishmouth drill guide (plastic, disposable)	Y-OBT2
4.5mm PopLok punch	PKL-45M
3.5mm PopLok punch	PKL-35M
Optional	
Katana® high strength suture cutter	GU1009
Suture retrieval forceps16.1018
Grasping forceps11.1001
Super Shuttle® relay (8/box)	C6005
4.2mm Ultra FRR dual purpose blade (6/box)	DPS-C010

To learn more about PASTA repairs, please visit

CONMED.COM/PASTA.PHP

for video surgical techniques, surgeon testimonials and product demonstrations as well as information about in-depth labs and other learning opportunities.

Local 727-392-6464
Toll Free 1-800-237-0169

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